

### **Financial Statements**

Hope Air

December 31, 2024

Hope Air

### Contents

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Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of Operations	4
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 13



### Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of **Hope Air** 

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hope Air, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hope Air as at December 31, 2024 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Hope Air in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Hope Air's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Hope Air or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Hope Air's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Hope Air's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Hope Air's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Hope Air to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Doane Grant Thomaton XII

Mississauga, Canada April 30, 2025 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Hope Air Statement of Financial Position December 31	2024	2023
Assets Current Cash (Note 3) Short-term investments (Note 4) Accounts receivable Sales tax recoverable Prepaid expenses (Note 5)	\$ 3,318,979 6,797,522 520,900 567,247 71,658 11,276,306	\$ 1,743,774 11,671,789 449,975 198,346 73,751 14,137,635
Capital assets (Note 6)	<u>25,761</u> \$ 11,302,067	21,361 \$ 14,158,996
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 7)	\$ 166,656 <u>8,052,884</u> <u>8,219,540</u>	\$ 195,864 11,063,179 11,259,043
Net Assets Founders' Fund Internally restricted operating reserve Unrestricted	9,231 1,000,000 2,073,296 3,082,527 \$ 11,302,067	9,231 1,000,000 1,890,722 2,899,953 \$ 14,158,996

On behalf of the Board

Signed by:

LWYOL MAYASCO

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DocuSigned by:

VALUSSA TLOMAS

Director

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Hope Air Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31	2024	2023
real Efficed December 31	2024	2023
Revenue Restricted donations and grants (Note 9)	\$ 12,101,2 <b>6</b> 1	\$ 6,394,871
Unrestricted donations and grants (Note 9)	2,237,035	1,773,273
Interest and other	482,888	442,189
Unrealized gain on investments	<u>91,900</u>	<u>98,146</u>
	14,913,084	8,708,479
Expenses (Note 8)		
Programs	12,564,013	7,132,003
Fundraising	1,264,835	1,062,651
Administration and general	901,662	669,851
	14,730,510	8,864,505
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ 182,574</u>	\$ (156,026)

### **Hope Air** Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31

	_	Founders Fund	Internally restricted operating reserve	Unrestricted	Total 2024	Total 2023
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	9,231	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,890,722	\$ 2,899,953	\$ 3,055,979
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		<u>-</u>		182,574	182,574	(156,026)
Net assets, end of year	\$	9,231	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,073,296	\$ 3,082,527	\$ 2,899,953

Hope Air Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31	2024	2023
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Operating Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Amortization Unrealized gain on investments	\$ 182,574 11,570 (91,900) 102,244	\$ (156,026) 8,498 (98,146) (245,674)
Change in non-cash working capital balances Accounts receivable Sales tax recoverable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	(70,925) (368,901) 2,093 (29,208) (3,010,295)	(409,500) (95,617) (1,124) 76,442 8,261,811
Investing Purchase of capital assets	(3,374,992) (15,970)	<u>7,586,338</u> (9,920)
Financing Net change in short-term investments	4,966,167	(7,341,684)
Change in cash	1,575,205	234,734
Cash, beginning of year	1,743,774	1,509,040
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,318,979	\$ 1,743,774

December 31, 2024

#### 1. Nature of operations

Hope Air (the "Organization") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under Part III of the Corporations Act of Ontario without share capital for the purposes of carrying on objects of a charitable nature.

Hope Air is Canada's only national charity providing free travel services for Canadians in financial need who must access medical care far from home. Since its inception in 1986, Hope Air has provided more than 245,000 travel arrangements for patients across Canada. For people living on a low income in small and rural communities, distance and cost are very real barriers to accessing medical care. Hope Air is a unique and essential part of our Canadian healthcare system. Without the access Hope Air provides, our national system of universal healthcare coverage would fall short of its promise.

Hope Air fulfils its mandate by arranging travel to medical appointments across Canada through airline flights and other programs. Hope Air also provides residents of Prince Edward Island with Confederation Bridge, ferry passes and gas vouchers, to assist patients in reaching the mainland for care. Hope Air provides accommodation, ground transportation and meal support programs, for patients who are attending medical appointments and are approved for travel under Hope Air's eligibility guidelines. The programs provided by Hope Air to eligible patients are funded through the generous support of corporations, foundations, government and individual donors, commercial airlines, third-party organized events, volunteers and general aviation pilots.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### **Basis of presentation**

The accounting policies of the Organization are in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant:

#### Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Its principal sources of revenue and recognition of these revenues for financial statement purposes are as follows:

- i) Grants and restricted donations related to current expenses are reflected in the accounts as a revenue item in the current year. Grants and restricted donations received in the year for expenses to be incurred in the following fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue.
- ii) Investment and interest income is recorded when earned.
- iii) Unrestricted contributions received from foundations, corporations, individuals and third-party special events is recorded when funds are received. Unrestricted revenue from fundraising events held by the Organization is recognized after the events have occurred and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

December 31, 2024

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Donations-in-kind**

Commercial airline partners and other interested parties donate a substantial value of products to the Organization. The Organization records the fair value of these donated products, determined based on arm's length market values, as revenues and an equivalent amount of expense when the products are used by the Organization as such product would normally have otherwise been incurred as operating expenses. Additional details have been disclosed in Note 10 of the financial statements.

In addition to the donation of products, volunteers contribute substantial time throughout the year to the Organization. Due to the difficulty in determining the fair value of such donated time, no amounts have been recorded in the financial statements.

#### **Financial instruments**

Measurement

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for short-term investments, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts receivable, sales tax recoverable and accounts payable.

#### Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in the statement of operations. There were no impairment losses recognized in the year.

#### Investments

Pooled fund investments are valued at the unit values supplied by the investment administrators. These values represent the Organization's proportionate share of the underlying net assets at fair values determined using closing market rates. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recognized as investment income when they arise. Related transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

December 31, 2024

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life:

Office furniture and fixtures 5 years
Computer equipment 5 years

#### **Net assets**

#### Founders Fund

The Board of Directors set up a Founders' Fund in 1999 to hold donations given to the Organization in the name of its founders. The funds are to be used to further the goals and objectives of Hope Air on the recommendation of the founders.

Internally restricted operating reserve

The internally restricted operating reserve fund was created by the Board of Directors in fiscal 2021. The purpose of the reserve fund is to ensure the stability of the Organization's mission and ongoing operations by providing an internal source of funds in the case the Organization experiences temporary cash flow interruptions in the future due to unforeseen events. A minimum operating reserve fund must be established in an amount equal to six months of the average operating costs, which does not include travel purchases.

#### Use of estimates

Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each year end date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Many items in the preparation of these financial statements require management's best estimate. Management determines these estimates based on assumptions that reflect the most probable set of economic conditions and planned courses of action. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are made to excess of revenues over expenses as appropriate in the year they become known.

#### 3. Banking arrangements

The Organization has entered into a cash collateral agreement with a major Canadian chartered bank to pledge the sum of \$250,000, represented by a guaranteed investment certificate, to secure liabilities which the Organization may incur, from time to time, in respect of the Organization's credit card transactions.

December 31, 2024

#### 4. Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of cashable guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds held at a major Canadian chartered bank. GICs earn interest of 4.87% - 5.02% (2023 - 4.70% - 4.95%) and mature during 2025. One certificate is held as security for the Organization's credit card transactions (see Note 3).

	Market value 2024	Book value 2024	Market value 2023	Book value 2023
GICs Mutual funds	\$ 5,250,000 1,547,522	\$ 5,250,000 1,451,448		
	\$ 6,797,522	\$ 6,701,448	\$ 11,671,789	\$ 11,490,000

#### 5. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are recorded for products to be received in the next fiscal year that were paid for in the current fiscal year. Prepaid expenses are comprised of the following:

					2024	 2023
Flights purchased for the followi Prepaid rent and insurance	ng ye	ear		\$	55,051 16,607	\$ 58,975 14,776
				<u>\$</u>	71,658	\$ 73,751
6. Capital assets						
		Cost	 cumulated nortization		2024 <u>Net</u>	2023 <u>Net</u>
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment	\$	48,508 64,413	\$ 44,596 42,564	\$	3,912 21,849	\$ 4,400 16,961
	\$	112,921	\$ 87,160	\$	25,761	\$ 21,361

December 31, 2024

#### 7. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents unspent donations and grants, externally restricted for projects and operating funding, received in the prior and current years that are related to future activities. Deferred revenue is recognized as operating revenue at the time the related expense is recognized in the statement of operations and changes in net assets. Deferred revenue is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Specific geographic regions, patient medical conditions or patient demographics Other restricted programs	\$ 8,041,272 11,612	\$ 11,038,966 24,213
	\$ 8,052,884	\$ 11,063,179
Continuity of deferred revenue for the year is as follows:	0004	0000
	2024	2023
Deferred revenue, beginning of year	\$ 11,063,179	. , ,
Add: funds received in year Less: funds recognized in revenue	7,079,222 (10,089,517)	
Less. Turius recognizeu in revenue	(10,069,517)	(5,225,241)
Deferred revenue, end of year	\$ 8,052,884	\$ 11,063,179

Included in deferred revenue is \$6,437,200 (2023 - \$9,403,190) received related to government grants.

8. Expenses			
·	2024	_	2023
Program expenses (Note 10)	\$ 11,341,476	\$	6,287,015
Salaries and benefits	2,301,364		1,805,088
Public awareness	709,644		436,129
Administration and general (Note 10)	176,790		163,291
Professional fees	69,478		90,209
Information technology	68,341		37,252
Rent	51,847		37,023
Amortization	11,570	_	8,498
	<b>\$ 14,730,510</b>	\$	8,864,505

The Organization classifies its functional activities between its program-related activities, fundraising activities and general administration. The costs of each activity include the direct costs associated with those activities, such as personnel and other direct expenses. In addition, the Organization incurs several common or shared operating expenses in connection with these activities, such as occupancy costs, administration and other indirect costs. Where shared or indirect costs relate to more than one activity, the Organization allocates these costs among all relevant activities based on analysis of the level of staff activity and support by function.

December 31, 2024

9. Revenue	2024	2023
Restricted and unrestricted donations		
Corporation	\$ 2,978,480	\$ 1,954,886
Individual	1,159,480	876,544
	4,137,960	2,831,430
Restricted and unrestricted grants		
Foundation	2,530,670	1,343,884
Government	7,669,666	3,992,830
	10,200,336	5,336,714
	<u>\$ 14,338,296</u>	\$ 8,168,144

#### 10. Donations-in-kind

In fiscal 2024, donations-in-kind amounted to \$1,708,483 (2023 - \$1,091,820).

Donations-in-kind are detailed below and included in revenues and expenses as follows:

- i) Donated flights by commercial airlines for use in patient travel are recorded in restricted donations and grants and in program expenses.
- ii) Donated air travel costs by volunteer pilots which enable patient travel are recorded in restricted donations and grants and in program expenses.
- iii) Donated expenses incurred by board directors or staff and donated back to the Organization are for general funding purposes. Such amounts are recorded in unrestricted donations and grants and in general expenses and are insignificant in amount.

#### 11. Income tax status

The Organization is exempt from income tax in Canada as a registered charitable organization under the Income Tax Act (Canada). As such, it is exempt from income taxes and able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as an organization registered under the Income Tax Act, the Organization must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

December 31, 2024

#### 12. Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposures and concentrations at December 31, 2024. There were no significant changes in exposure from the prior year.

#### Price risk

Price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities held. The Organization is exposed to price risk through its investments quoted in active markets.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is not exposed to interest rate risk as its financial instruments are fixed rate guaranteed investment certificates that are held to maturity and are carried at amortized cost.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Organization could encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of accounts payable. The Organization expects to meet these obligations as they come due by generating sufficient cash flows from its operating activities.